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sun. Supposing they averaged 130 pounds each, then they would form a globe of human flesh of nearly a mile in diameter, weighing 1,820,000,000,000 pounds.—Fourteen times more than all the human beings now living on the globe.

What a spectacle to the eye of Him, with whom time and eternity, things present, past, and to come, are one omnipresent now! with whom all the actions and conditions of his creatures are not matters of memory or prescience, but of clear and consentaneous vision! Not a drop of that sea of blood has evaporated from the sight of that All-seeing Eye. Its red, putrid vapor is still going up into the nostrils of the God of peace. Before him that solid globe of human flesh revolves, in its crimson atmosphere, a horrid satellite around the green earth he made for man. O Christian! disciple of the meek and lowly Jesus! Look at that blood-dripping planet! It is the flesh of the tenth-part of your race! Shall its purple circumference swell with more butcheries of God's human children? Look into that dead sea of blood! shall it be deepened and widened from the veins of more victims to the Destroyer of mankind? If not, say so. Say it in the majesty of your Master's spirit. Let the Christians of Christendom say to the world, that all war is a vast and unmitigated violation of the spirit and precepts of the gospel, and the principalities and powers of the earth would soon bow to the name of Jesus, and nations learn war no more.

## Facts for Forty Millions.

The national debts of sixteen of the European governments, at the closest estimate that can be made, amount, in our currency, to \$10,305,000,000; all incurred for the expenses of war. This sum embraces merely the arrearage, not what has been paid, for carrying on war. The average of this amount is \$63 25 a head to the whole population of those sixteen nations. The interest of this vast sum nearly equals a tax of one dollar on every inhabitant of the globe.

Since the Reformation (!!) Great Britain has been engaged sixty-five years, in the prosecution of seven wars; for which she expended, in our currency, \$8,982,120,000. It has been estimated by our missionaries that a school of fifty heathen children, on the continent of India, would only cost \$150 per annum. Then this sum expended by a Christian nation in sixty-five years in carrying on war with other Christian nations, if applied to the education of the heathen, would have schooled 46,062,154 children per annum for sixty-five years! Allowing five years to each scholar, then 598,808,000 children might have been educated for the money that Great Britain drained from the sources and channels of her wealth and industry, to waste in wars, every one of which degraded her people in every quality of their condition.

From 1793 to 1815,—a period of twenty-two years,—Great Britain, France and Austria expended \$7,330,000,000 in war. The *interest* of this sum, at six per cent., would have supported 30,000 missionaries among the heathen during the whole period of twenty-two years, in which these Christian nations were engaged in doing the devil's work on each other.

The aggregate amount would have given five years schooling to 488,666,666 pagan children, on the Lancasterian plan. The interest for one month, at the above rate, would build 1466 miles of railroad at \$25,000 per mile.

Consulting the best authorities I can command, I find that the aggregate amount of the expenditures of our own government, from 1789 to March 4, 1843, is \$1,111,375,734.

Now,—patriotic Americans! will you not read this reflectingly?—of this vast sum there have been expended only \$148,620,055 for civil purposes, embracing the Civil List, Foreign Intercourse, and the Miscellaneous Expenses. Then it follows that \$962,755,680 have been lavished upon preparations for war in time of peace, within a little more than half a century, by this model republic!!! Another fact:-From January 1, 1836, to March 3, 1843, the war expenses of this government were \$153,954,881! -five millions more than all the civil expenses of the government from 1789 to 1843!!-Another fact:-From 1816 to 1834, eighteen years, our national expenses amounted to \$463,915,756; and of this sum, nearly \$400,000,000 went in one way and another for war, and only \$64,000,000 for all other objects! being twenty-two millions a year for war, and about three millions and a half,-less than one-sixth of the whole,-for the peaceful operations of a government that plumes itself on its pacific policy! If we take into account all the expenses and all the losses of war to this country, it will be found to have wasted for us, in sixty years, some two or three thousand millions of dollars.

## Peace on Earth.

BY S. E. COUES.

"Peace on earth" was the herald-angels' song,—the promise of the heavenly hosts upon the birth of the Messiah. And yet Christianity has been preached for nearly two thousand years, and there are still wars and rumors of wars. Has the gospel the power to still the noise of the battle-field, and to speak to the tempest of man's wrath, "Peace, be still?"

We believe that Christianity has this power, but the mere profession of faith in Christ is not Christianity. Her heaven-born principles must be applied, not only to the individual soul, but to man in all the relations of life. It is the Christian character which has power to overcome the evil of the world. The strength of our religion is in the meekness, humility and long-suffering of those who profess it. Love to enemies must not merely be read at church, as part of the gospel, but it must be acknowledged and obeyed as the firm, unalterable law of Jehovah,—a law which the supposed necessities of no nation can change, which patriotism can never repeal, which war-breeding lusts cannot ever, for an instant, obliterate. It must be obeyed as the law of God; supreme over all human law, or duties growing out of political relations.

Right and wrong determined by our social relations! and these ever changing! The same act now constituting the pirate, and now the naval hero! O religion, thus supple and elastic would reflect darkness and disgrace back from the earth to the very heavens from whence it came! But